## HERMITIAN CONJUGATE (ADJOINT) OF AN OPERATOR

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We've had a look at some properties of hermitian operators in the last few posts. Here we'll look at the hermitian conjugate or adjoint of an operator. The adjoint of an operator  $\hat{Q}$  is defined as the operator  $\hat{Q}^{\dagger}$  such that

$$\left\langle f | \hat{Q}g \right\rangle = \left\langle \hat{Q}^{\dagger}f \middle| g \right\rangle \tag{1}$$

For a hermitian operator, we must have

$$\langle f | \hat{Q}g \rangle = \langle \hat{Q}f | g \rangle$$
 (2)

which means a hermitian operator is equal to its own adjoint.

We can find the adjoints of some operators we've already met.

- (1) The position operator x: Since x is hermitian, its adjoint is also x.
- (2) The imaginary number *i*: We must have  $\langle f|ig\rangle = \langle \hat{Q}^{\dagger}f|g\rangle$  so  $\hat{Q}^{\dagger} =$ -i.
- (3) For the operator d/dx, we can use integration by parts to find:

$$\left\langle f \left| \frac{d}{dx} g \right\rangle = \int f^* g' dx \tag{3}$$

$$=f^*g - \int f^{*'}gdx \tag{4}$$

$$= -\left\langle \left. \frac{d}{dx} f \right| g \right\rangle \tag{5}$$

(where we throw away the integrated terms under the usual assumption that they are zero at the limits of integration) so  $\hat{Q}^{\dagger} = -\frac{d}{dx}$ . If we have the product of two operators, we find that

$$\left\langle f|\hat{Q}(\hat{R}f)\right\rangle = \left\langle \hat{Q^{\dagger}}f|\hat{R}f\right\rangle \tag{6}$$

$$= \left\langle \hat{R}^{\dagger}(\hat{Q}^{\dagger}f)|f\right\rangle \tag{7}$$

Thus

$$\left(\hat{Q}\hat{R}\right)^{\dagger} = \hat{R}^{\dagger}\hat{Q}^{\dagger} \tag{8}$$

Another interesting case is the harmonic oscillator raising operator, which is

$$a_{+} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\hbar m\omega}} (-ip + m\omega x) \tag{9}$$

Since p and x are hermitian, and every other term apart from i is a real constant, we can use the results above to see that:

$$a^{\dagger}_{+} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\hbar m\omega}}(ip + m\omega x) = a_{-} \tag{10}$$

Thus the raising and lowering operators are hermitian conjugates of each other.