

ELECTROMAGNETIC FIELD TENSOR - CONTRACTIONS WITH METRIC TENSOR

Link to: [physicspages home page](#).

To leave a comment or report an error, please use the auxiliary blog and include the title or URL of this post in your comment.

Post date: 24 Aug 2022.

The electromagnetic field tensor F^{ij} is

$$F^{ij} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & E_x & E_y & E_z \\ -E_x & 0 & B_z & -B_y \\ -E_y & -B_z & 0 & B_x \\ -E_z & B_y & -B_x & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (1)$$

If we contract F^{ij} with the metric tensor in flat space, we get

$$\eta_{ij}F^{ij} = -\eta_{ij}F^{ji} \quad (2)$$

$$= -\eta_{ji}F^{ji} \quad (3)$$

$$= -\eta_{ij}F^{ij} \quad (4)$$

In the first line, we used $F^{ij} = -F^{ji}$; in the second, $\eta_{ij} = \eta_{ji}$ and in the last line, we swapped the dummy indexes i and j . Thus the original quantity is equal to its negative, so

$$\eta_{ij}F^{ij} = 0 \quad (5)$$

Now consider $\eta_{ia}\eta_{jb}F^{ij}F^{ab}$. First, since $\eta_{00} = -1$ and $\eta_{ii} = +1$ for $i = 1, 2, 3$:

$$\eta_{jb}F^{ij} = F^i_b = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & E_x & E_y & E_z \\ E_x & 0 & B_z & -B_y \\ E_y & -B_z & 0 & B_x \\ E_z & B_y & -B_x & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (6)$$

This is because the only sign change occurs when $\eta_{jb} = -1$, which is when $j = b = 0$, so all elements F^{i0} change sign. Then

$$\eta_{ia}F^i{}_b = F_{ab} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -E_x & -E_y & -E_z \\ E_x & 0 & B_z & -B_y \\ E_y & -B_z & 0 & B_x \\ E_z & B_y & -B_x & 0 \end{bmatrix} \quad (7)$$

This time, the sign change occurs when $i = a = 0$, so elements $F^0{}_b$ change sign. Thus lowering both indices in flat spacetime in rectangular coordinates changes the sign of all the electric field entries, but leaves the magnetic field unchanged.

Combining them, we get

$$\eta_{ia}\eta_{jb}F^{ij}F^{ab} = F_{ab}F^{ab} = -F_{ab}F^{ba} \quad (8)$$

To work this out, note that if we first formed the matrix product $F_{cb}F^{bd}$, then $F_{ab}F^{ba}$ is the sum of the diagonal elements of this matrix product. That is

$$-F_{ab}F^{ba} = -\left(F_{0b}F^{b0} + F_{1b}F^{b1} + F_{2b}F^{b2} + F_{3b}F^{b3}\right) \quad (9)$$

$$= -\left(E_x^2 + E_y^2 + E_z^2\right) - \left(E_x^2 - B_z^2 - B_y^2\right) - \left(E_y^2 - B_z^2 - B_x^2\right) - \left(E_z^2 - B_y^2 - B_x^2\right) \quad (10)$$

$$= 2B^2 - 2E^2 \quad (11)$$

PINGBACKS

Pingback: [Electromagnetic field tensor - invariance under Lorentz transformations](#)

Pingback: [Electromagnetic field tensor - a couple of Maxwell's equations](#)

Pingback: [Electromagnetic field tensor - invariance of inner product](#)

Pingback: [Electromagnetic stress-energy tensor](#)

Pingback: [Black hole with static charge; Reissner-Nordström solution](#)